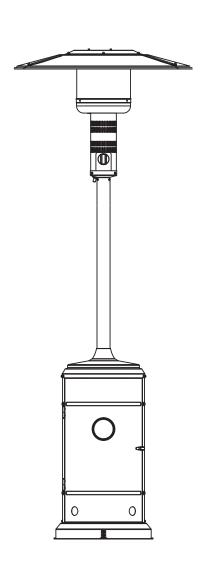
Assembly Instruction

MONTERINGSANVISNING | MONTAGEANLEITUNGEN









WARNING: FOR OUTDOOR USE ONLY OR IN AMPLY VENTILATED AREAS

PLEASE KEEP THE MANUAL FOR FUTURE REFERENCE!

ProductNumber: 9349-112

Description: Hottie Mushroom Heater









Hej!

Grattis till din nya utemöbel.

På detta blad finner du några tips och tricks för att ta hand om din möbel på bästa sätt.

Stål – Stommen I din möbel är antingen I aluminium eller stål. Stål är lite tyngre men är också ett hårdare material än aluminium och klarar därför konstruktioner som aluminium inte klarar. Möbler med stål I stommen kan rosta, framförallt om de står I kustområden där saltvattnet hjälper till att påskynda rosten. Det är därför viktigt att vara aktsam om vilket underlag din möbel står på för att undvika missfärgningar.

Aluminum - Aluminium är ett lättare material än stål och gör din möbel lätt och smidig, detta material skall heller inte rosta. Vissa delar i din möbel kan dock fortfarande vara gjorda av stål (exempelvis skruvar eller beslag)

Konstrotting – Detta material är en plast som är mycket tålig när det kommer till väder och vind och är i mångt och mycket underhållsfritt. Behöver du tvätta av din konstrottingmöbel gör du detta enklast med vatten och såpa.

Teak – Våra teakmöbler produceras av odlad teak. Dvs. Teak som är odlad för ändamålet att bli till möbler eller annat, det är alltså inte teak som är skövlad från ömtålig regnskog. Självklart är den även FSC-certifierad. Vill en behålla finishen I teaken bör produkten slipas och oljas med teakolja för att behålla färgen. Om detta inte görs får teaken den karakteristiska grå färg som kan närmast liknas vid drivved. Här kan bara du själv avgöra vad som är snyggast! OBS! tänk på att det är viktigt att materialet är torrt vid oljning. Om Teaken inte kojas kan den också komma att bilda sprickor – detta ses då inte som en reklamation om produkten inte oljats!

Aintwood – Är ett plastmaterial framtaget för att efterlikna trä, men har bättre egenskaper för vårt skandinaviska klimat. Aintwood är ett nästintill underhållsfritt material som lättast hålls rent med vatten och såpa. Var noga med att torka bort eventuella fläckar då de annars kan tränga in i plasten och vara svåra att få bort. Bubblor I plasten kan uppkomma om materialet är utsatt för hög värme, var därför försiktig med att lämna glasartiklar på bordet I direkt solljus då dessa kan "bränna" hål i ytan på materialet. Då plast är ett poröst material kan det komma att röra sig vid temperaturväxlingar.

Polyester – Detta material används I alla våra dynor och parasoll. Detta ska ej maskintvättas utan handtvätt är rekommenderat. Då polyester kan blekas vid direkt solljus så rekommenderar vi att alltid förvara dynorna/parasollen i t.ex. dynbox / Under parasollskydd eller på annat skyddat sätt när de inte används. Detta för att förlänga hållbarheten och undvika missfärgningar.

För mer utförliga skötselråd – surfa in på www.venturehome.se och klicka dig vidare till "skötselråd"

Vi hoppas du får många sköna sommar-stunder i din nya möbel!







Hallo!

Herzlichen Glückwunsch zu Ihren neuen Gartenmöbeln. Auf dieser Seite finden Sie einige Tipps und Tricks, um Ihre Möbel optimal zu pflegen.

Stahl - Der Rahmen Ihrer Möbel besteht entweder aus Aluminium oder Stahl. Stahl ist etwas schwerer, aber auch ein härteres Material als Aluminium und kann daher Konstruktionen standhalten, mit denen Aluminium nicht umgehen kann. Möbel mit Stahl im Rahmen können rosten, insbesondere in Küstengebieten, in denen das Salzwasser den Rost beschleunigt. Es ist daher wichtig, vorsichtig zu sein, auf welcher Oberfläche sich Ihre Möbel befinden, um Verfärbungen zu vermeiden.

Aluminium - Aluminium ist ein leichteres Material als Stahl und macht Ihre Möbel leicht und flexibel. Dieses Material sollte auch nicht rosten. Einige Teile Ihrer Möbel bestehen jedoch möglicherweise noch aus Stahl (z. B. Schrauben oder Beschläge).

Künstliches Rattan - Dieses Material ist ein Kunststoff, der bei Wetter und Wind sehr haltbar und in vielerlei Hinsicht sehr wartungsfrei ist. Wenn Sie Ihre künstlichen Rattanmöbel waschen müssen, ist dies am einfachsten mit Wasser und Seife.

Teak - Unsere Teakholzmöbel werden aus kultiviertem Teakholz hergestellt. Dh Teakholz, das angebaut wird, um Möbel oder etwas anderes zu werden, ist kein Teakholz, das aus dem empfindlichen Regenwald entfernt wird. Natürlich ist es auch FSC-zertifiziert. Wenn Sie das Finish behalten möchten Im Teakholz sollte das Produkt geschliffen und mit Teaköl geölt werden, um die Farbe zu erhalten. Wenn dies nicht getan wird, erhält das Teakholz die charakteristische graue Farbe, die fast mit Treibholz verglichen werden kann. Hier können nur Sie selbst entscheiden, was am besten aussieht! HINWEIS! Denken Sie daran, dass es wichtig ist, dass das Material beim Ölen trocken ist. Wenn der Teaken nicht hütet, kann er auch Risse bilden - dies wird nicht als Beschwerde angesehen, wenn das Produkt nicht geölt wurde!

Aintwood - Ist ein Kunststoff, der entwickelt wurde, um Holz nachzuahmen, aber bessere Eigenschaften für unser skandinavisches Klima hat. Aintwood ist ein nahezu wartungsfreies Material, das am einfachsten mit Wasser und Seife sauber gehalten werden kann. Wischen Sie alle Flecken ab, da sie sonst in den Kunststoff eindringen und schwer zu entfernen sind. Blasen im Kunststoff können auftreten, wenn das Material starker Hitze ausgesetzt ist. Lassen Sie Glaswaren daher nicht in direktem Sonnenlicht auf dem Tisch, da diese Löcher in der Materialoberfläche "verbrennen" können. Da Kunststoff ein poröses Material ist, kann er sich bei Temperaturänderungen bewegen.

Polyester - Dieses Material wird in allen unseren Kissen und Sonnenschirmen verwendet. Dies sollte nicht in der Maschine gewaschen werden, aber Handwäsche wird empfohlen. Da Polyester in direktem Sonnenlicht gebleicht werden kann, empfehlen wir, die Kissen / Sonnenschirme immer in z. Dynbox / Unter Sonnenschirmschutz oder auf andere geschützte Weise bei Nichtgebrauch. Dies soll die Haltbarkeit verlängern und Verfärbungen vermeiden.

Wir hoffen, Sie haben viele schöne Sommermomente in Ihren neuen Möbeln!







Hello!

Congratulations on your new outdoor furniture.
On this page you will find some tips and tricks to take care of your furniture in the best way.

Steel - The frame of your furniture is either in aluminum or steel. Steel is a little heavier but is also a harder material than aluminum and therefore can withstand constructions that aluminum cannot handle. Furniture with steel in the frame can rust, especially if they are in coastal areas where the salt water helps to speed up the rust. It is therefore important to be careful about what surface your furniture is on to avoid discoloration.

Aluminum - Aluminum is a lighter material than steel and makes your furniture light and flexible, this material should not rust either. However, some parts of your furniture may still be made of steel (for example screws or fittings)

Artificial rattan (Wicker) - This material is a plastic that is very durable when it comes to weather and wind and is in many ways very maintenance-free. If you need to wash your artificial rattan furniture, the easiest way to do this is with water and soap.

Teak - Our teak furniture is produced from cultivated teak. le Teak that is grown for the purpose of becoming furniture or something else, so it is not teak that is removed from fragile rainforest. Of course, it is also FSC-certified. If you want to keep the finish In the teak, the product should be sanded and oiled with teak oil to keep the color. If this is not done, the teak gets the characteristic gray color that can almost be compared to driftwood. Here only you can decide for yourself what looks best! NOTE! keep in mind that it is important that the material is dry when oiling. If the Teaken is not huddled, it can also form cracks - this is not seen as a complaint if the product has not been oiled!

Aintwood - Is a plastic material developed to mimic wood, but has better properties for our Scandinavian climate. Aintwood is an almost maintenance-free material that is most easily kept clean with soap and water. Be sure to wipe off any stains as they may otherwise penetrate the plastic and be difficult to remove. Bubbles in the plastic can occur if the material is exposed to high heat, so be careful not to leave glassware on the table in direct sunlight as these can "burn" holes in the surface of the material. As plastic is a porous material, it can move during temperature changes.

Polyester - This material is used in all our cushions and parasols. This should not be machine washed but hand washing is recommended. As polyester can be bleached in direct sunlight, we recommend always storing the cushions / parasol in e.g. dynbox / Under parasol protection or in another protected way when not in use. This is to extend the durability and avoid discoloration.

For more care-advise for your new product, go to www.venturehome.se and find "Care advise".

We hope you have many wonderful summer moments in your new furniture!





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PATIO HEATER SAFETY WARNINGS

PLEASE READ THE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE INSTALLATION AND USE.

- This appliance must be used outdoors or in a well ventilated area, and should not be installed or used indoors.
- To change the gas cylinder in a well ventilated area, away from any inflammation sources such as candle, cigarettes, or other flame producing appliances.
- The cylinder must be stored outdoors or in a well ventilated area.
- Storage this appliance indoors is permissible only if gas cylinder is disconnected and removed from the appliance.
- Do not move this appliance when in operation, or after it has been turned off before the temperature has cooled down.
- Do not attempt to alter the appliance in any manner. Do not paint the radiant screen, control panel or reflector.
- Do not obstruct the ventilation holes of the cylinder housing.
- The appliance must be installed and gas cylinder stored in accordance with local gas fitting regulations.
- Shut off the valve at the gas cylinder or the regulator before moving the appliance.
- Use only the type of gas specified by the manufacturer.
- Repairs should be done by a qualified person.
- In case of violent wind, particular attention must be taken against tilting of the appliance.
- To check that the regulator seal is correctly fitted and able to fulfil its function.
- To close the gas supply at the valve of the gas cylinder or the regulator after use.
- Do not use this appliance until all connections have been leak tested.





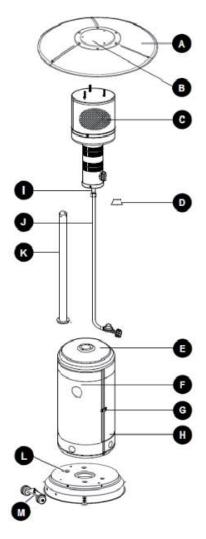
www.VentureHome.se | www.VentureDesign.se

- In the event of gas leakage, the appliance shall not be used or if alight, the gas supply shall be shut off and the appliance shall be investigated and rectified before it is used again.
- Checking the tubing or the flexible hose per month and each time the cylinder is changed.
- The tubing or the flexible hose must be changed within one year.
- The hose assembly must be replaced prior to the appliance being put into operation if there is evidence of
 excessive abrasion or wear, or if the hose is damaged, and that the replacement hose assembly shall be that
 specified by the manufacturer.
- The heater should be inspected before use and at least annually by a qualified service person. More frequent
 cleaning may be required as necessary. It is imperative that control compartment, burners and circulating air
 passageways of the appliance be kept clean.
- Shut off and check heater immediately if any of the following conditions exist:
 - ☐ The smell of gas in conjunction with extreme yellow tipping of the burner flames.
 - ☐ Heater does not reach a proper temperature. A temperature less than 5 °C will cause restricted heat flow and the appliance will not work properly.
 - ☐ The appliance starts making popping noises during use (a slight popping noise is normal when the appliance is extinguished).
- The regulator & hose assembly must be located out of pathways where people may trip over it or in area where the
 hose will not be subject to accidental damage.
- Any guard or other protective device removed for servicing the heater must be replaced before operating the heater.
- Children and adults should be warned of the hazards of high surface temperatures and should stay away to avoid burns or clothing ignition.
- Young children and pets should be carefully supervised when they are in the area of the heater.
- Clothing or other flammable materials should not be hung from the appliance, or placed on or near the appliance.
- Certain material or items when stored under or near this appliance will be subjected to radiant heat and could be seriously damaged.
- Do not place articles on or against this appliance.
- Do not use or store flammable materials near this appliance.
- Do not spray aerosols in the vicinity of this appliance while it is in operation.
- Always maintain at least 915mm clearance from combustible materials.
- Always position the appliance on a firm level surface.
- The appliance shall only be installed or operated with maximum height from the rim of reflector to the ground, so the adjustable device shall be fixed according to this requirement.'
- The use of this appliance in enclosed areas can be dangerous and is PROHIBITED.



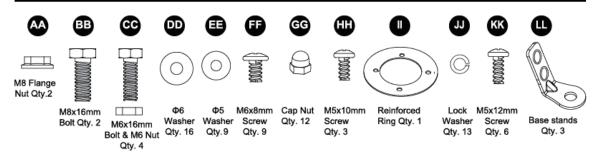


PART LIST



PART	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY
Α	Reflector Panel	3
В	Reflector Plate	1
С	Head Assembly	1
D	Deck Ring	1
Е	Top of Housing (preassembled)	1
F	Door (preassembled)	1
G	Door Lock (preassembled)	1
Н	Rear of Housing (preassembled)	1
- 1	Gas Pipe	1
J	Hose & Regulator	1
K	Post	1
L	Base (preassembled)	1
М	Wheel Kit	1

ALL HARDWARE CONTENTS (Include preassembled)





PATIO HEATER ASSEMBLY

Instruction before assembly

Required Tools: Philip Screwdriver / Adjustable Spanners / Wrenches

Leak Detection Solution: one part detergent and three parts water

Assemble all nuts and bolts loosely at first. Tighten all connections after completion of assembly. This eases your work and increases the stability of your appliance.

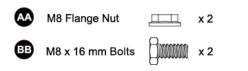
Before assembly, make sure all packing material and any transmit protection must be moved.

Small deviations in equipment may occur. This is no lack of quality but subject to improvements.

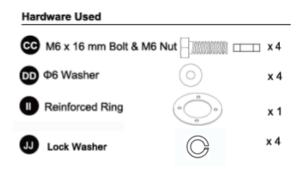
 Line up holes on the bracket of wheel assembly (M) with the corresponding holes on base (L), then insert M8 x 16 mm bolts (BB) through holes. Hand tighten with M8 flange nuts (AA). Be sure the wheel assembly (M) is parallel to the base (L).

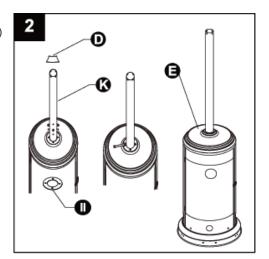
See 1

Hardware Used



2. Put post (K) on the top of housing (E), put reinforced ring (II) under top of housing (E). Secure post (K) and reinforced ring (II) using M6 x 16 mm Bolt and M6 Nut (CC), lock washer(JJ), Φ 6 Washers (DD). Fasten and cover with the deck ring (D).

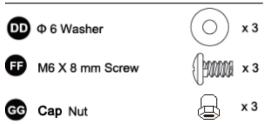




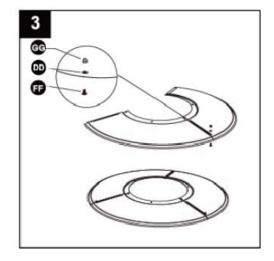


 Attach reflector panels (A) together using M6 x 8mm screws (FF), Φ6 washers (DD) and cap nuts (GG).
 Secure loosely with cap nuts (GG).

Hardware Used



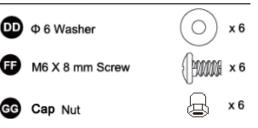
Note: In order to achieve proper alignment of reflector sections, it may be necessary to loosen the preassembled bolts prior to assembly and retighten once complete.

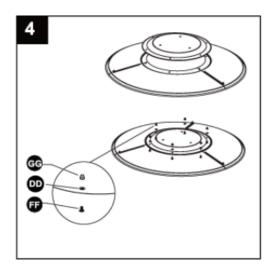


 Attach reflector plate (B) to reflector panels (A) using M6 x 8mm screws (FF), Φ6 washers (DD) and cap nuts (GG). Secure loosely with cap nuts (GG).

Note: Once properly aligned, tighten all screws and the preassembled bolts.

Hardware Used

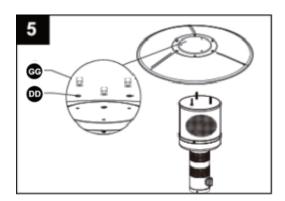




Attach reflector assembly to head assembly (C).
 Secure with cap nuts (GG) and Φ6 washers (DD).
 Note: Do not over tighten!

Hardware Used

nai amai o occa		
DD Φ6 Washer	0	x 3
GG Cap Nut		x 3





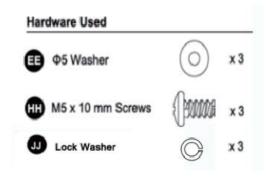
6. Buy at least 1.3m gas hose and regulator from local market. Connect hose & regulator to gas pipe (I).

Insert gas pipe with hose & regulator assembly (I/J) through top of housing (E) and Post (K), tighten gas pipe (I) to head assembly(C).

Secure head assembly (C) to the post (K) using preassembled bolts M5 x 10 (HH), lock washer (JJ), and Φ 5 washers (EE).

Note: The control knob on head assembly (C) should be aligned with door (F).

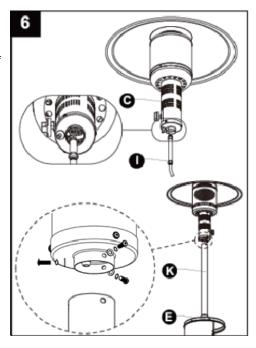
The pressure regulator and hose assembly to be used must conform to local standard codes.

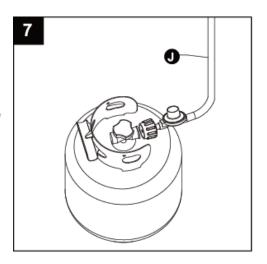


7. Secure gas hose and regulator (J) onto gas cylinder (not included).

Place the gas cylinder into the rear of housing (H), then close the door (F).

Note: See instruction Gas requirement and Connecting to a gas cylinder before buying a gas cylinder.

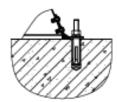




Base stands assembly

Secure 3pcs base stands to the base using preassembled 6pcs bolts M5 x 12 (KK), 6pcs Φ 5 washers (EE) and 6pcs lock washers (JJ) firstly, then strike suitable hook bolts or rawlbolts from local market through the stand holes into the ground or floor. (See figure 1)





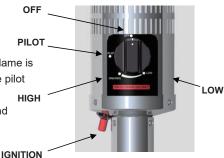


OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

BEFORE FIRST USE AND AFTER EVERY GAS CYLINDER CHANGE, GAS DELIVERY SYSTEM MUST BE PURGED OF AIR BEFORE IGNITING! TO DO THIS, TURN THE CONTROL KNOB ANTI-CLOCKWISE TO THE PILOT SETTING. PRESS KNOB IN AND HOLD FOR 3 MINUTES BEFORE ATTEMPTING IGNITION.

TO LIGHT THE PILOT

- Check all connections prior to each use.
- Turn on main gas supply at source.
- Press to turn control knob anti-clockwise to PILOT, see right photo.
- Hold knob depressed, press IGNITION button repeatedly until pilot flame is lit, then continue to hold the knob depressed for 10 seconds until the pilot remains it after releasing knob.
- If pilot fails to ignite or alight, press to turn knob clockwise to OFF and repeat.



TO LIGHT THE PATIO HEATER

- The pilot should be lit and the knob set to PILOT.
- Hold knob depressed gently and turn anti-clockwise to HIGH.
- When mesh glows lit, turn knob clockwise from **HIGH** to **LOW** as needed.

Note: The burner may be noisy when initially turned on. To eliminate excessive noise from the burner, turn the control knob to the pilot position. Then turn the knob to the level of heat desired.

RE-LIGHTING

- Turn Control Knob to OFF.
- Wait at least 5 minutes, to let gas dissipate, before attempting to re-light pilot.
- Repeat the "Lighting" steps.

TO EXTINGUISH

- Hold knob depressed & turn the knob clockwise to 'OFF'
- Close the valve of the gas cylinder or the regulator after use.
- Close the gas bottle and allow this appliance to cool before moving the appliance.

Note: After use, some discoloration of the emitter screen is normal. Close regulator after use, allow the appliance to cool before moving.

LEAK TESTING

NEVER USE A NAKED FLAME TO CHECK FOR LEAKS. NEVER LEAK TEST WHILE SMOKING.

The gas connections on this appliance are leak tested at the factory prior to shipment.

This appliance needs to be periodically checked for leaks and an immediate check is required if the smell of gas is detected.

- Make a soap solution using 1 part of liquid dish-washing soap to 3 parts water. The soap solution can be applied with a soap bottle, brush, or rag to the leak tested points shown in the figure above.
- The valve of the gas cylinder should be in the *OFF* position at this point of the leak test. Once the soapy solution is applied to the gas connections, the valve of the gas cylinder needs to be turned to the *ON* position.
- Soap bubbles will begin to form in the soapy solution if a leak is present.
- In case of a leak, turn off the gas supply. Tighten any leaking fittings, then turn the gas supply on and recheck.







GAS REQUIREMENTS

- The pressure regulator and hose assembly to be used must conform to local standard codes.
- Never use a gas cylinder with a damaged body, valve, collar, or foot ring. A dented or rusty gas tank may be hazardous and should be checked out by a gas supplier.
- Never connect this appliance to an unregulated gas source.
- When the appliance is not in use, turn the gas cylinder OFF.
- Always perform a leak test on gas connections whenever a cylinder is connected. If bubbles form in the leak test
 solution, do not use. Never use a flame to test for leaks.

CONNECTING TO A GAS CYLINDER

- Use 9 kg gas cylinder. Please refer to your gas supplier for suitable gas cylinder.
- Refer to your gas supplier for instructions on the use of your gas cylinder.
- Only change gas cylinders outdoors or in a well ventilated area away from naked flames and any other source of ignition.
- The gas cylinder must always be used in an upright position.
- Close the heater control knob by turning fully clockwise.
- Close the gas cylinder tap and then attach the regulator onto the gas cylinder.
- Tighten all connections firmly and with a spanner where appropriate. The cylinder should be located on the cylinder base.
- Check for leaks at all joints using soapy water. If a leak is found, tighten the joint and then re-test.

IMPORTANT SAFETY RULES

For use outdoors or in amply ventilated areas.

An amply ventilated area must have a minimum of 25% of the surface area open.

The surface area is the sum of the walls surface.

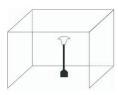
The use of this appliance in enclosed areas can be dangerous and is PROHIBITED.

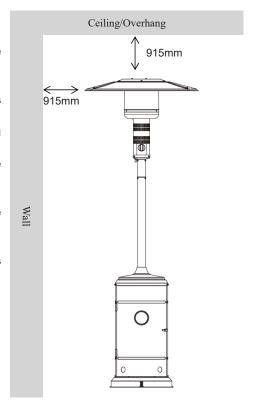
Children and adults should be aware of the high operating temperatures of areas above the post when operating this heater. Children should be carefully supervised when in the vicinity of the heater.

NEVER hang anything, including clothes or any other flammable items, on this heater.

DO NOT operate this heater unless it is fully assembled with its reflector in place.

Respect the minimum clearances from combustible materials.









MAINTENANCE

To enjoy years of outstanding performance from your heater, make sure you perform the following maintenance activities on a regular basis:

- Keep exterior surfaces clean.
- Use warm soapy water for cleaning. Never use flammable or corrosive cleaning agents.
- While washing your unit, be sure to keep the area around the burner and pilot assembly dry at all times. If the gas
 control is exposed to water in any way, DO NOT try to use it. It must be replaced.
- Airflow must be unobstructed. Keep controls, burner and circulation air passageways clean. Signs of possible blockage include:
 - Gas odor with extreme yellow tipping of flame.
 - Heater does *NOT* reach the desired temperature.
 - Heater glow is excessively uneven.
 - Heater makes popping noises.
- Spiders and insects can nest in burner or orifices. This dangerous condition can damage the heater and render it
 unsafe for use. Clean burner holes by using a heavy duty pipe cleaner. Compressed air may help clear away
 smaller particles.
- Carbon deposits may create a fire hazard. If any carbon deposits develop, clean dome and engine with warm soapy water.

Note: in a salt-air environment (such as near the sea), corrosion occurs more quickly than normal. Frequently check the corroded areas and repair them promptly.

SERVICING

- Please consult your local dealer for servicing this appliance and replacement of its parts. The servicing of the
 appliance shall be carried out only by authorised personnel.
- Caution: do not use unauthorized parts or components for this appliance, only use original equipment replacement
 parts and components. The use of unauthorized parts or components will void the warranty and can create an
 unsafe condition.

STORAGE

There is no limitation on the storage of the appliance indoors provided that the cylinder is removed from the appliance.

Between uses:

- Turn control knob OFF
- Turn gas cylinder OFF

Store heater upright in an area sheltered from direct contact with inclement weather (such as rain, sleet, hail, snow, dust and debris).

If desired, cover to protect exterior surfaces and to prevent build up in air passages.

Note: Wait until heater is cool before covering.

During periods of extended inactivity or when transporting:

- Turn control knob OFF.
- Disconnect gas cylinder and move to a secure, well ventilated location outdoors. DO NOT store in a location that will exceed 50°C.

Store heater upright in an area sheltered from direct contact with inclement weather (such as rain, sleet, hail, snow, dust and debris).

If desired, cover heater to protect exterior surfaces and to prevent build up in air passages.

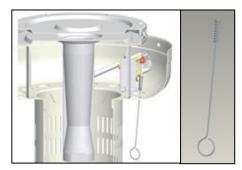
Note: Wait until heater is cool before covering





TROUBLESHOOTING

IF THE PROBLEM IS:	AND THIS CONDITION EXISTS:	THEN DO THIS:			
Pilot won't light	Cylinder valve is closed	Open valve			
	Blockage in orifice or pilot tube	Clean or replace orifice or pilot tube#			
	Air in the gas line	Open gas line and bleed it (pressing control knob in) for not more than			
		1-2 minutes or until you smell gas			
	Low gas pressure	Gas cylinder low or empty			
	Igniter fails	Use match to light pilot, and obtain new igniter and replace. (See below pictures)			
	Dirt build up around pilot	Clean dirt from around pilot			
Pilot won't stay lit	Connection between gas valve and pilot assembly is loose	Tighten connection and perform leak test			
	Bad thermocouple	Replace thermocouple			
	Gas pressure is low	Replace gas cylinder			
Burner won't light	Blockage in orifice	Clear blockage			
	Control knob is not in "ON" position	Turn control knob to "ON" position			
	Gas pressure is low	Replace gas cylinder			
	Outdoor temperature is greater than 5°C (40°F) and tank is less than 25% full	Replace gas cylinder			
Note: Do not operate	Supply hose is bent or kinked	Straighten hose and perform leak test on hose			
heater below 5 °C(40°F)	Control knob is fully " ON"	Turn control knob to "OFF", let it cool to room temperature and check burner and orifices for blockage			
Emitter glows uneven	Gas pressure is low	Replace gas cylinder			
Note: Bottom 2.5cm of emitter normally does	Base is not on a level surface	Place heater on a level surface			
not normally glow	Heater not level	Level heater			
Carbon build-up	Dirt or film on reflector and emitter	Clean reflector and emitter			
Thick black smoke	Blockage in burner Blockage in burner Turn control knob to "OFF", room temperature and remo blockage and clean burner in outside.				



If for some reasons your ignition fails to deliver a spark, the heater can be started by inserting a lit match using supplied match holder through the burner hole (see left photo) while pushing the control knob in the "PILOT" position, which shall be performed by a qualified person

IN THE EVENT OF ANY PROBLEM, PLEASE ALWAYS CONSULT YOUR LOCAL DEALER.





TECHNICAL DATA

Product Name	Patio Heater						
Model	9349-112						
Country Code	BE-CY-CH-CZ- FR-ES-GB-GR-IE -IT-PT-SK-SI-TR		BG-HR-CH-CY-DK-EE -FI-GR-HU-IT-IS-LT-LV -MT-NL-NO-PT-SE-SI- SK-RO-TR	CZ-FR-GB- GR-IE-PT	PL	AT-CH-DE	AT-CH-DE- NL
Category	I _{3+(28-30/37)}		I _{3B/P(30)}	I _{3P(37)}	I _{3B/P(37)}	I _{3B/P(50)}	I _{3P(50)}
Gas	G30	G31	G30/G31	G31	G30/G31	G30/G31	G31
Pressure(mbar)	28-30	37	30	37	37	50	50
Heat input	12.5KW			12KW	13.5kW	12.5KW	
Consumption	909g/h			873g/h	982g/h	909g/h	
Injector size (mm)	1.70			1.60	1.60	1.60	
Pin No.	0063CO7365						

Warning:

The appliance shall only be installed or operated with maximum height from the rim of reflector to the ground, so the adjustable device shall be fixed according to this requirement. Close the valve of the gas cylinder or the regulator after use.

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The appliance shall only be installed or operated with maximum height from the rim of reflector to the ground, so the adjustable device shall be fixed according to this requirement.'

Use only regulator and hose approved for LP Gas at the correct pressures and gas type.

The pressure adjuster should comply with the standard EN16129 and current regulations in the country where it is installed, which may be found at your nearest retailer of gas items.

Refer to the technical date. It is strictly prohibited to use adjustable pressure.

The life expectancy of the regulator is estimated as 10 years. It is recommended that the regulator is changed within 10 years of the date of manufacture or the national conditions require it.

- -Using 30mbar butane regulator for butane of I3B/P (30) or butane of I3+.
- -Using 30mbar propane for propane or butane/propane mixture of I3B/P(30).
- -Using 37mbar butane regulator for butane of I3B/P (37).
- -Using 37mbar propane regulator for propane or butane/propane mixture of I3B/P (37) or I3P (37).
- -Using 50mbar butane regulator for butane of I3B/P (50).
- -Using 50mbar propane regulator for propane or butane/propane mixture of I3B/P (50) or I3P(50)

The type of replaceable hose should meet the standard of EN16436-1.

The hose used must conform to the relevant standard for the country of use. The length of the hose must be 0.7 meters (minimum) and 1.5 meters (maximum). Worn or damaged hose must be replaced. Ensure that the hose is not obstructed nor kinked. It is recommended that the hose is changed within 1 year of the date of manufacture or the national conditions require it.



